

Investor Presentation

November, 2021





The following presentation has been prepared by Chindata Group Holdings Limited (the "Company") solely for informational purposes and should not be construed to be, directly or indirectly, in whole or in part, an offer to buy or sell and/or an invitation and/or a recommendation and/or a solicitation of an offer to buy or sell any security or instrument or to participate in any investment or trading strategy, nor shall any part of it form the basis of, or be relied on in connection with, any contract or investment decision in relation to any securities or otherwise.

This presentation does not contain all relevant information relating to the Company or its securities, particularly with respect to the risks and special considerations involved with an investment in the securities of the Company. Nothing contained in this document shall be relied upon as a promise or representation as to the past or future performance of the Company. Past performance does not guarantee or predict future performance.

You acknowledge that any assessment of the Company that may be made by you will be independent of this document and that you will be solely responsible for your own assessment of the market and the market position of the Company and that you will conduct your own analysis and be solely responsible for forming your own view of the potential future performance of the business of the Company.

This announcement contains forward-looking statements. These statements are made under the "safe harbor" provisions of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements can be identified by terminology such as "will," "expects," "anticipates," "aims," "future," "intends," "plans," believes," "estimates," "confident," "potential," "continue" or other similar expressions. Among other things, the business outlook and quotations from management in this announcement, as well as Chindata Group's strategic and operational plans, contain forward-looking statements. Chindata Group may also make written or oral forward-looking statements in its periodic reports to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), in its annual report to shareholders, in press releases and other written materials and in oral statements made by its officers, directors or employees to third parties. Statements that are not historical facts, including but not limited to statements about Chindata Group's beliefs and expectations, are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements in any forward-looking statement, including but not limited to the following: Chindata Group's goals and strategies; its future business development, financial condition and results of operations; the expected growth and competition of the data center and IT market; its ability to generate sufficient capital or obtain additional capital to meet its future capital needs; its ability to maintain competitive advantages; its ability to keep and strengthen its relationships with major clients and attract new clients; its ability to locate and secure suitable sites for additional data centers on commercially acceptable terms; government policies and regulations relating to Chindata Group's business conditions in the regions where Chindata Group poreates and globally and assumptions underlying or related to any of the foregoing. Further information regarding these and other risks is included in Chindata Group is filin

This document also contains non-GAAP financial measures, the presentation of which is not intended to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the financial information prepared and presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, the Company's calculation of these non-GAAP financial measures may be different from the calculation used by other companies, and therefore comparability may be limited. The reconciliation of those measures to the most comparable GAAP measures is contained within this document or the earnings press release.







FY21Q3 Business Updates

Leading Hyperscale Data Center Solution Provider in Emerging Markets

2021 Q3 Highlights



IT Capacity in Service (+9MW vs.FY21Q2)

370 MW



: (6)- 740.8mn RMB **↑↑↑↓** FY21Q3 Revenue, +59% Y/Y



Affirmation of Issuer Rating

PUE 1.21 YTD average PUE (1.22 in full year 2020)



78.4mn RMB FY21Q3 GAAP net income, 10.6% net income margin Adj. EBITDA: RMB368.4 mn (49.7% margin)



Approved Patents and Pending



1. Capacity (MW) numbers are rounded to zero. Subtotals, total and changes are calculated with original numbers and rounded to zero.



Recent Development-Client and Overseas Layout



27MW project bidding winning and demand confirmed from a Leading Chinese Cloud
 Computing Service Provider in November, a NEW client.

Johor, Malaysia

>80MW MOU capacity of built-to-suit hyperscale greenfield project launched, confirmed client and to be delivered in several phases starting from 2022.

Export of self-designed pre-fabricated datacenter modules, including high efficiency cooling technology, etc.

Bangkok, Thailand

Business acquisition in finalization.

5*MW* IT capacity to be established upon completion of technical upgrade.

1. Capacity (MW) numbers are rounded to zero. Subtotals, total and changes are calculated with original numbers and rounded to zero.



Data Center Footprint



China

9MW new in-service capacity [CN09, CN11-A, CN11-B, CE01]

17MW new utilized capacity [CN06, CN08, CN09, CN11-A, CN11-B]



16MW new contracted capacity converted from existing IOI capacity. [CN12, CN13]

1. Capacity (MW) numbers are rounded to zero. Subtotals, total and changes are calculated with original numbers and rounded to zero.



Asset Overview-In Service

as of September 30, 2021

| Data Center | Country | Туре | Leased/ Owned | Designed IT capacity (MW) | Contracted IT capacity (MW) | Iol IT capacity (MW) | Contracted+lol IT capacity (MW) | Utilized IT capacity (MW) | Ready for Service |
|-------------|----------|------------|---------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| In-Service | | | | | | | | | |
| CN01 | China | Hyperscale | Owned | 36 | 36 | - | 36 | 36 | 2019Q2 |
| CN02 | China | Wholesale | Leased | 11 | 5 | - | 5 | 5 | 2017 |
| CN03 | China | Hyperscale | Owned | 17 | 17 | - | 17 | 17 | 2017Q3 |
| CN04 | China | Hyperscale | Owned | 28 | 27 | - | 27 | 27 | 2018Q4 |
| CN05 | China | Hyperscale | Owned | 23 | 21 | - | 21 | 21 | 2019Q2 |
| CN06 | China | Hyperscale | Owned | 30 | 29 | - | 29 | 28 | 2019Q2 |
| CN07 | China | Hyperscale | Owned | 29 | 27 | - | 27 | 27 | 2019Q4 |
| CN08 | China | Hyperscale | Owned | 51 | 51 | - | 51 | 42 | 2020Q3 |
| CN09 | China | Hyperscale | Owned | 52 | 39 | - | 39 | 16 | 2021Q1 |
| CN10 | China | Hyperscale | Owned | 3 | 3 | - | 3 | 3 | 2020Q3 |
| CN11-A | China | Hyperscale | Owned | 24 | 23 | - | 23 | 21 | 2020Q4 |
| CN11-B | China | Hyperscale | Owned | 24 | 23 | - | 23 | 8 | 2021Q2 |
| CE01 | China | Hyperscale | Owned | 19 | 7 | - | 7 | 7 | 2020Q4 |
| CS01 | China | Wholesale | Leased | 5 | 3 | - | 3 | 3 | 2017 |
| MY0102 | Malaysia | Hyperscale | Owned | 20 | 16 | - | 16 | 7 | 2018Q2 |
| Subtotal | | | | 370 | 327 (88%) | - | 327 (88%) | 268 (72%) | |



370MW (vs. 361MW in 21Q2) **95.8%** Self-Owned Capacity

In Service

New data centers in service and under construction

Data centers with new contracted and/or IOI capacities Α

Data centers with new utilized capacities >0.5MW Α

Contracted / Utilization Ratio ()

1. Capacity (MW) numbers are rounded to zero. Subtotals, total and changes are calculated with original numbers and rounded to zero.

CHINDATA

Asset Overview-Under Construction

as of September 30, 2021

| Data Center | Country | Туре | Leased/ Owned | Designed IT capacity (MW) | Contracted IT capacity (MW) | lol IT capacity (MW) | Contracted+lol IT capacity (MW) | Utilized IT capacity (MW) | Ready for Service |
|--------------------|----------|------------|---------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| Under Construction | | | | | | | | | |
| CN11-C | China | Hyperscale | Owned | 57 | 57 | - | 57 | - | 2022Q1 |
| CN12 | China | Hyperscale | Owned | 6 | 5 | - | 5 | - | 2022Q1 |
| CE02 | China | Hyperscale | Owned | 19 | - | - | - | - | 2022 |
| CE03 | China | Hyperscale | Owned | 32 | - | 8 | 8 | - | 2022Q4 |
| CN13 | China | Hyperscale | Leased | 13 | 13 | - | 13 | - | 2021Q4 |
| CN14 | China | Hyperscale | Owned | 18 | - | 18 | 18 | - | 2022Q3 |
| CN15 | China | Hyperscale | Owned | 37 | - | 37 | 37 | - | 2022Q1 |
| MY03 | Malaysia | Hyperscale | Owned | 16 | 8 | - | 8 | - | 2022Q3 |
| BBY01 | India | Hyperscale | Owned | 20 | 20 | - | 20 | - | 2021Q4 |
| Subtotal | | | | 218 | 103 (47%) | 63 | 166 (76%) | - | |
| Total | | | | 588 | 430 (73%) | 63 | 493 (84%) | | |



9 Data Centers 218MW (vs.

218MW (vs. 217MW in 21Q2) **94.0%** Self-Owned Capacity

New data centers in service and under construction

A Data centers with new contracted and/or IOI capacities

8

A Data centers with new utilized capacities >0.5MW

() Contracted / Utilization Ratio

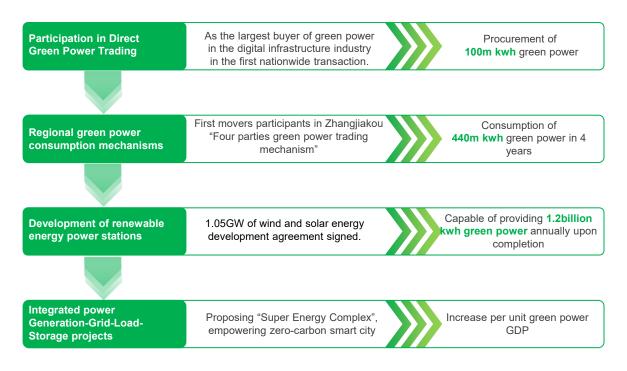
1. Capacity (MW) numbers are rounded to zero. Subtotals, total and changes are calculated with original numbers and rounded to zero.

CHINDATA



To be the Leader Driving China's IDC industry into Zero-carbon Era

Increasing zero-carbon energy reserve. In-house development capacity in the making.





400MW

Renewable energy reserve available for development



+

100,000,000kWh

Largest buyer of green power in the digital infrastructure industry (First nationwide transaction in September 2021)

1.21 YTD average PUE (by 21Q3)







Trustworthy Solution Provider of Productized Datacenter



Hyperscale delivery in overseas market safeguarded by self-developed andmanufactured pre-fabricated datacenter.

Leveraging on our patent and technology reserve, significant breakthrough was achieved in white-box model solution for computing infrastructure, self-developed containerized pre-fabricated datacenter modules and export of integrated supply chain. Such will safeguard Chindata's hyperscale greenfield project development and delivery in Asia Pacific emerging market, contribute to the establishment of hyperscale computing infrastructure clusters in the region and support the regional business of our clients.



90%

% of pre-fabricated datacenter solution for overseas deployment through in-house R&D



White-box

First-time export of pre-fabricated datacenter modules in scale



Approved Patents and Pending Patents by 21Q3, +12 Q/Q



Ø





To be the Leader in New Digital Infrastructure Development & Construction



Fully integrated Pre-fabricated Datacenter Solution Safeguards Fast Delivery of Concurrent A Barris **Projects.**

Leveraging on in-house R&D and supply chain integration, our total solution for next generation hyperscale digital infrastructure has realized the pre-fabrication of productized equipment, productized engineering and productized buildings for datacenter. Chindata is constantly improving its capacity in coordinated and efficient delivery of development and construction, an creating a more stable supply chain system through self-developed product and pre-fabricated engineering, which will effectively safeguard the concurrent delivery of multiple projects.









Total YTD designed capacity by Chinindustry

First Fully Pre-Fabricated Datacenter Designed Completed and Under Pre-

Fabrication



Other Recent Development

Affirmation of Credit Rating from Rating Agency

FITCH Issuer Rating: BBB-

"Fitch Ratings' affirmation of the ratings of China-based carrier-neutral data centre operator Chindata Group Holdings Limited follows our review of the ratings amid an increase in regulatory risk in China's internet sector following a recent spate of new regulatory announcements....We do not believe regulations to date have significantly affected Chindata's client's business model and ability or willingness to meet its obligations to Chindata....We believe the performance risk on the leases remains limited and adequately captured in Chindata's rating, considering client's strong business profile and the essential nature of Chindata's data centre services."

-September 28th

"Chindata Group Holdings Limited's (BBB-/Stable) credit profile will remain solid, supported by the strategic location of its data centres, use of renewable energy and adequate rating headroom, despite the acute power shortages and potential electricity tariff hikes in China, says Fitch Ratings."

-October 25th





RE100 °CLIMATE GROUP

2040-100%



September 2021

First Time Participation in National Green Power Transaction, with a procurement of 100million kWh.

September 2021

Joined the RE100 initiative and became the corporate participant of the United Nations Global Compact in Asia Pacific.

Announcing the goal of achieving 100% renewable power in all its global data centers by 2040.

October 2021

Won Best Environmental, Social, Governmental (ESG) Initiative in 17th Global Carrier Awards (GCA), becoming 1st computing infrastructure company in Asia Pacific to receive the honor.





Other Recent Development

Recent Industry Policies and Regulation Updates

May 2021, "The Implementation plan of computing power hub of collaborative innovation system of national integrated big data Center", National Development and Reform Committee (NDRC)(《全国一体化大数据中心协同创新体系算力枢纽实施方案》)

July 2021, "Three-Year Action Plan for the Development of New Data Centers (2021-2023)", Ministry of Industry and Information Technology (MIIT)

(《新型数据中心发展三年行动计划(2021-2023年)》)

July 2021, "Notice on Further Strengthening Energy Efficiency Review on Data Centers", Beijing NDRC

(《关于印发进一步加强数据中心项目节能审查若干规定的通知》)

September 2021, "Working Guidance for Carbon Dioxide Peaking and Carbon Neutrality in Full and Faithful Implementation of the New Development Philosophy" (《中共中央国务院关于完整准确全面贯彻新发展理念做好碳达峰碳中和工作的意见》)

October 2021, "Notice by the State Council of the Action Plan for Carbon Dioxide Peaking Before 2030"(《2030年前碳达峰行动方案的通知》)

Key Directions Pointed Out

- 1) May and July NDRC and MIIT papers: More optimized layout of data center nationwide, encouraging development in overseas market / Improved national internet linkage to support such layout / Larger scale, more intelligent, higher density DCs to support various computing demand / Improved energy efficiency and encouraging the development and usage of renewable by data centers
- 2) September and October State Council papers: *further emphasis* in the state council papers on expectation for *improved geographic layout*, *energy consumption management and monitoring*, and *energy efficiency*, etc. for data centers.

Our Stance

- 1) Development of digital economy is a long term prospect with certainty.
- 2) Our vision for the business and past performance are in-line with key directions.
- 3) We understand our business as efficiently converting electric power into computing power + constant effort on in-house capacity build-up and full stack solution + early site selection and long term commitment to renewable energy.
- 4) First mover advantage expected.

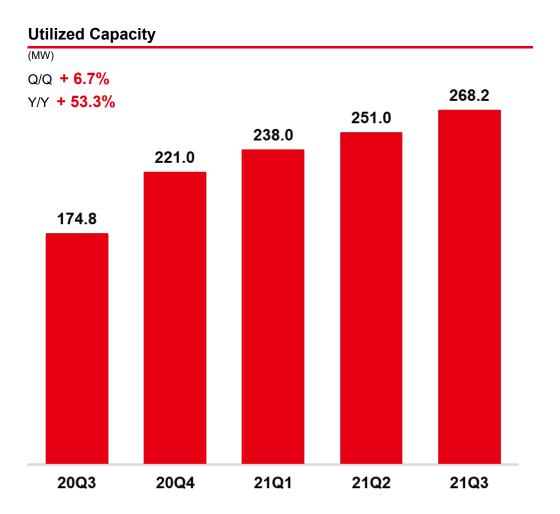


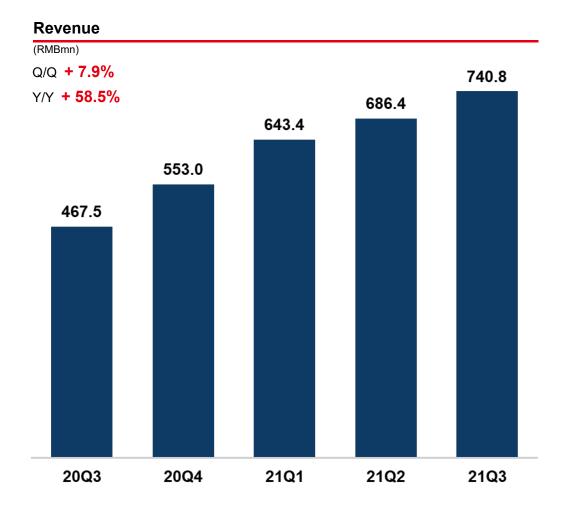




FY21Q3 Financials Overview







CHINDATA





Cost and Expense Breakdown

| (RMB mn) | 20Q3 | 20Q4 | 21Q1 | 21Q2 | 21Q3 | Q/Q | Y/Y | 21 9ms | Y/Y |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|
| Revenue | 467.5 | 553.0 | 643.4 | 686.4 | 740.8 | 7.9% | 58.5% | 2070.5 | 62.0% |
| Utility cost | 124.4 | 143.5 | 181.6 | 186.7 | 200.0 | 7.1% | 60.7% | 568.2 | 67.1% |
| Maintenance and other costs | ⁽¹⁾ 47.2 | 67.9 | 70.4 | 80.8 | 85.3 | 5.6% | 80.8% | 236.5 | 56.5% |
| Adjusted SG&A | ⁽²⁾ 69.8 | 82.2 | 87.8 | 86.0 | 92.6 | 7.7% | 32.7% | 266.6 | 50.7% |
| Others | (2) -1.9 | 20.0 | -4.2 | -5.6 | -5.5 | -2.0% | 191.0% | -15.5 | 471.8% |
| Adjusted EBITDA | (3) 228.0 | 239.4 | 307.8 | 338.5 | 368.4 | 8.8% | 61.6% | 1014.7 | 65.6% |
| % of Revenue | | | | | | | | | |
| Utility Cost | 26.6% | 25.9% | 28.2% | 27.2% | 27.0% | | | | |
| Maintenance and other costs | 10.1% | 12.3% | 10.9% | 11.8% | 11.5% | | | | |
| Adjusted SG&A | 14.9% | 14.9% | 13.6% | 12.5% | 12.5% | | | | |
| Others | -0.4% | 3.6% | -0.7% | -0.8% | -0.7% | | | | |
| Adjusted EBITDA margin | 48.8% | 43.3% | 47.8% | 49.3% | 49.7% | | | | |

Note:

1. Maintenance and other cost includes maintenance cost, resource cost, labor costs (excluding share-based compensation) and operating lease cost and etc.

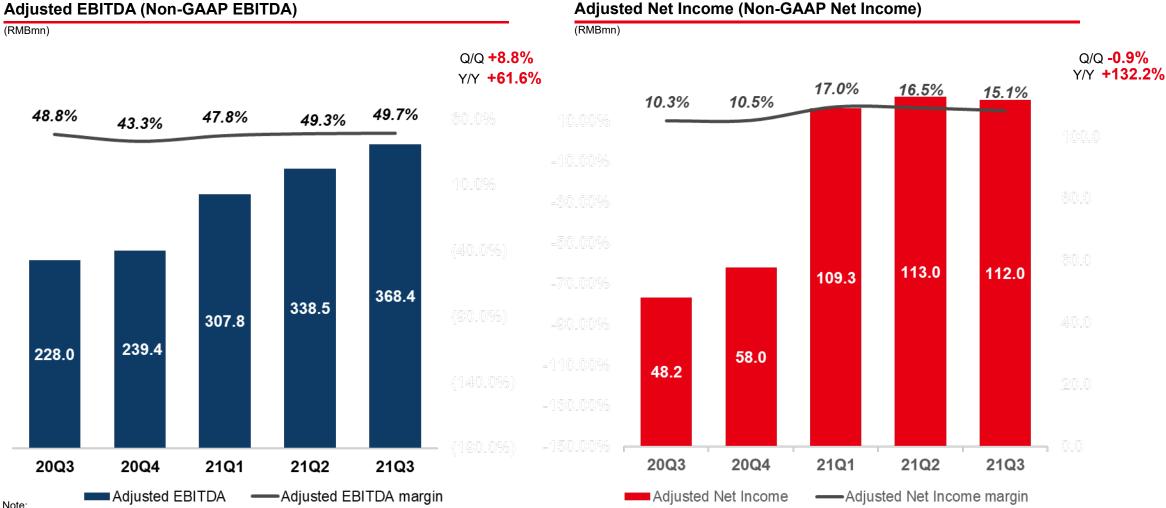
2. Adjusted SG&A and others includes operating expenses without depreciation and amortization, share-based compensation expenses, and one-off management consulting fee.

3. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as net income excluding depreciation and amortization, net interest expenses, income tax expenses, share-based compensation, management consulting services fee, change in fair value of financial instruments, foreign exchange (gain) loss and non-cash operating lease cost relating to prepaid land use rights.









Note:

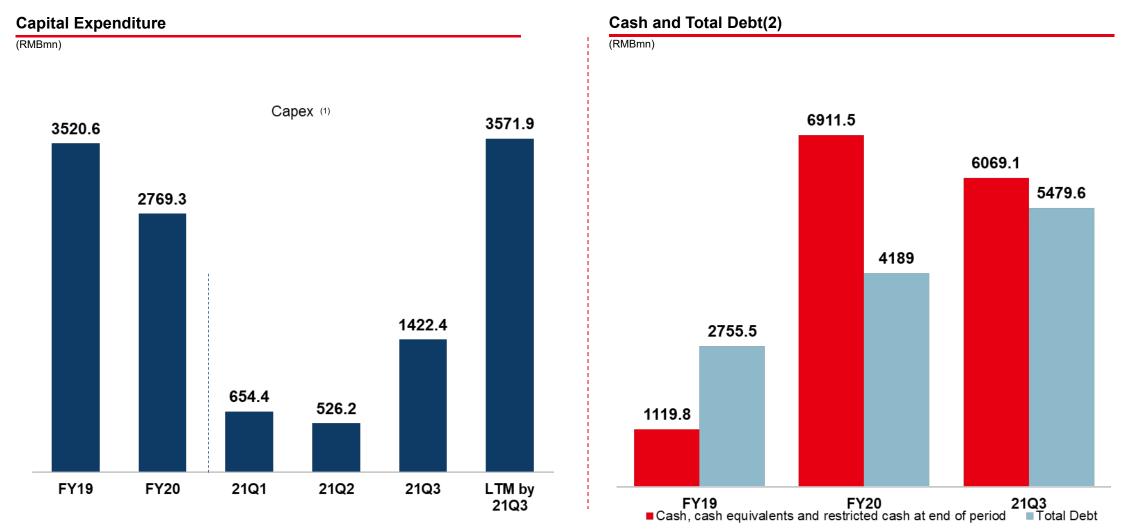
1. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as net income excluding depreciation and amortization, net interest expenses, income tax expenses, share-based compensation, management consulting services fee, change in fair value of financial instruments, foreign exchange (gain) loss and non-cash operating lease cost relating to prepaid land use rights.

2. Adjusted net income is defined as net income excluding share-based compensation, management consulting services fee, and depreciation and amortization of property and equipment and intangible assets resulting from business combination, as adjusted for the tax effects on Non-GAAP adjustments.





Capital expenditure and Cash

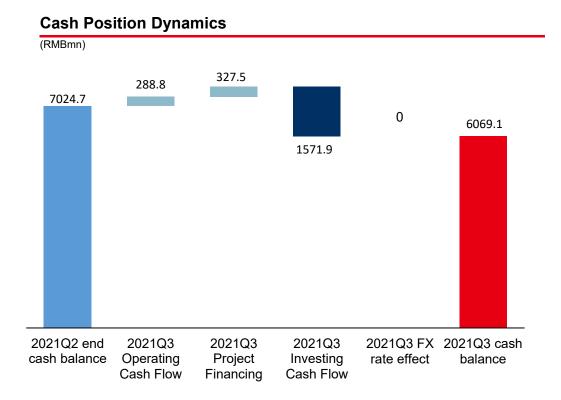


Note:

1. Capex refers to expenditures related to equity investments, acquisitions and fixed assets, including property, equipment, land use rights and etc. 2. Total debt refers to total short-term and long-term bank loans.



Healthy Cash Generation, Leverage and Coverage



| (RMB mn) | 20Q2 | 20Q3 | 20Q4 | 21Q1 | 21Q2 | 21Q3 |
|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| Cash and cash equivalents, BEG | 1242.1 | 1887.4 | 3497.7 | 6911.5 | 6916.7 | 7024.7 |
| Cash flow from operation | 208.5 | 138.5 | 218.1 | 193.4 | 285.8 | 288.8 |
| Cash flow from investing | -479.9 | -965.8 | -968.9 | -654.4 | -626.2 | -1571.9 |
| Cash flow from financing | 916.5 | 2498.3 | 4399.7 | 447.2 | 513.6 | 327.5 |
| Effect of foreign exchange rate changes | 0.2 | -60.7 | -235.1 | 19.1 | -65.2 | - |
| Cash and cash equivalents, END | 1887.4 | 3497.7 | 6911.5 | 6916.7 | 7024.7 | 6069.1 |





Healthy Cash Generation, Leverage and Coverage

Cash Generation, Leverage and Coverage

| (RMB mn) | 20Q3 | 20Q4 | 21Q1 | 21Q2 | 21Q3 |
|---|--------|---------|---------|---------|--------|
| Total Debt(1) | 4058.6 | 4189.0 | 4657.4 | 5154.4 | 5479.6 |
| Total Short-term Bank Loan & current portion of long term | 4000.0 | 4100.0 | +001.+ | 0104.4 | 0470.0 |
| bank loan | 134.2 | 296.9 | 418.8 | 456.2 | 555.4 |
| Total Long-term Bank Loan | 3924.4 | 3892.1 | 4238.7 | 4698.2 | 4924.2 |
| Total Operating Leases | 248.2 | 244.4 | 262.5 | 253.7 | 244.7 |
| Total Finance Leases | 65.1 | 64.9 | 63.3 | 62.5 | 62.0 |
| Cash + Short Term Investment (2) | 3497.7 | 6911.5 | 6916.7 | 7124.7 | 6323.9 |
| Net Debt (1) | 626.1 | -2657.5 | -2196.0 | -1907.8 | -782.3 |
| Cash Flow from Operation | 138.5 | 218.1 | 193.4 | 285.8 | 288.8 |
| Funds from Operation(3) | 82.6 | 206.5 | 238.4 | 265.0 | 277.4 |
| Adj. EBITDA | 228.0 | 239.4 | 307.8 | 338.5 | 368.4 |
| Interest(4) | 54.6 | 42.5 | 57.8 | 55.0 | 66.7 |
| Net Debt/LTM Adj. EBITDA | 0.8 | -3.1 | -2.2 | -1.7 | -0.6 |
| Total Debt/LTM Adj. EBITDA | 5.4 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 4.6 | 4.4 |
| LTM Adj. EBITDA/LTM Interest | 3.5 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 5.3 | 5.6 |
| LTM Funds from Operation/Total Debt | 10.5% | 12.8% | 14.0% | 15.4% | 18.0% |
| Total Debt/Total Capital | 44.9% | 30.1% | 32.1% | 34.2% | 35.4% |

1. Total debt refers to total bank loan, net debt= total debt + total finance leases - cash - short term investment

2. Cash refers to cash & cash equivalents and restricted cash

3. Funds from operation refers to cash flow from operation - change in operating assets and liabilities

4. Interest refers to reported net interest expense of the period, = reported interest expense – reported interest income



20



Guidance and Progress

| RMB Mn | FY19 Pro Forma | FY20 Guidance | FY20 Actual |
|-----------------|----------------|------------------|--|
| Revenue | 1,098 | 1,770 – 1,790 | 1,831 |
| Adjusted EBITDA | 404 | 830 - 850 | 852 |
| | FY21 Guidance | Implied FY21 YoY | Progress by 21Q3 (as of guidance midpoint) |
| Revenue | 2,780 - 2,830 | 51.8% - 54.6% | 73.8% |
| Adjusted EBITDA | 1,350 - 1,400 | 58.5% -64.3% | 73.8% |
| | | | |







Investment Highlights

Investment Highlights





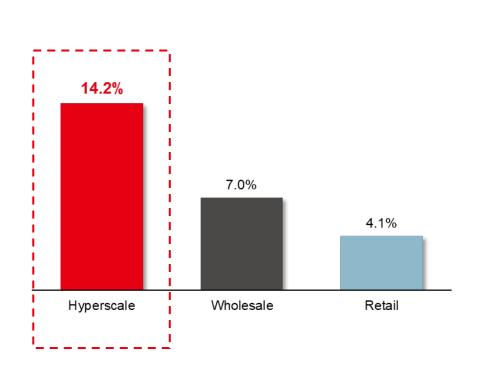


APAC Emerging Markets is One of the Fastest Growing Hyperscale Data Center Markets

24

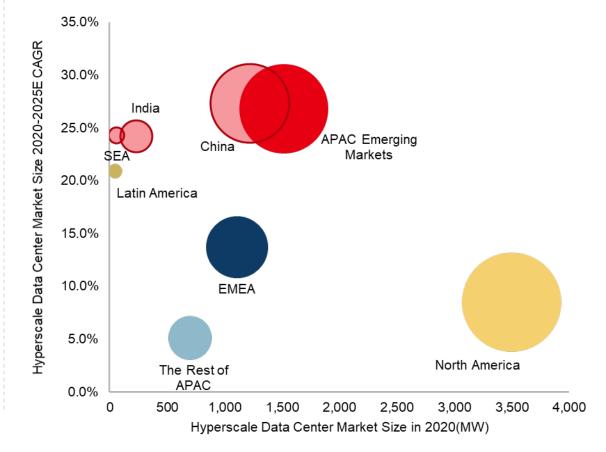
Hyperscale Data Center Market Growth Outpaces Retail and Wholesale Globally⁽¹⁾

2020-2025E CAGR of Data Center Market Size⁽²⁾



APAC Emerging Market is the Fastest Growing Hyperscale Market Globally⁽²⁾

Size of Bubbles Referring to Hyperscale Data Center Market Size in 2020 (MW)



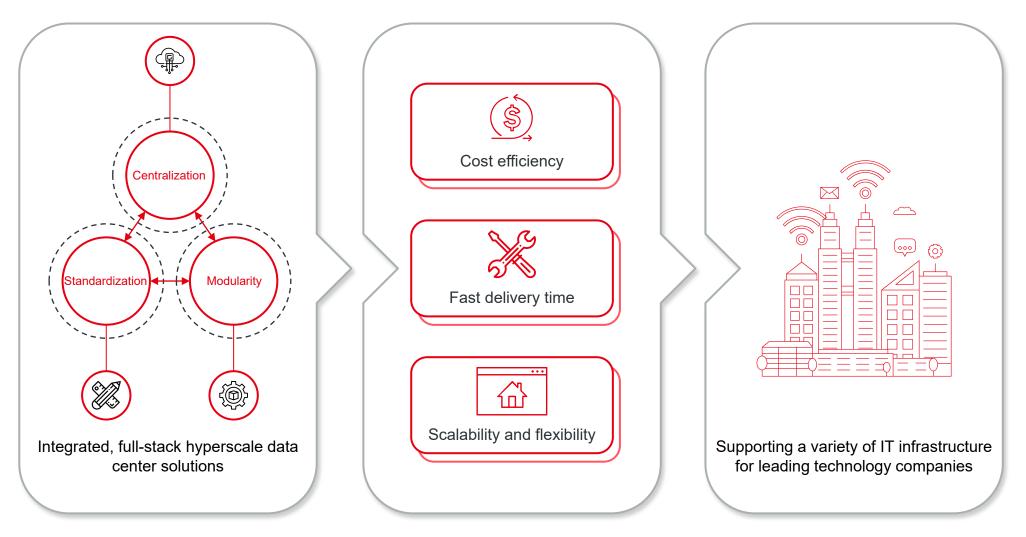
Source: Frost & Sullivan Notes:

1.Hyperscale data center facilities and campuses typically have 20 MW or more in total capacity. These facilities often support web-scale and high-performance computing applications 2.Market size refer to carrier-neutral data center market size (measured by MW) of each model/region, measured by total capacity, i.e. the maximum design capacity of data center



APAC Emerging Markets is One of the Fastest Growing Hyperscale Data Center Markets (Cont'd)

Hyperscale Data Centers Represent a New Approach to Designing and Operating Data Centers Tailored for Fast-Growing Leading Technology Companies





APAC Emerging Markets is One of the Fastest Growing Hyperscale Data Center Markets (Cont'd)

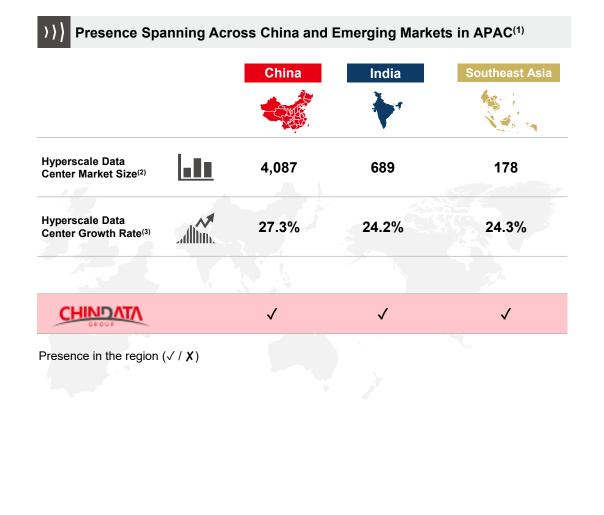
Hyperscale Model Offers Higher Level of Visibility, Customization and Scalability than Retail and Wholesale Models

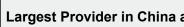
| | Retail | Wholesale | Hyperscale |
|--|-----------------|-----------------------|---|
| Target Customer | SME | Large enterprises | Leading technology companies and cloud service providers |
| Average Contract Period | In annual terms | 3-5 years | 5-10 years |
| Sales Unit | By cabinet | By server room module | By server room modules, building or campus |
| Average Single Cabinet Electricity Usage | 2kW | 3.5kW | >5kW |
| Average Time from Completion to Full Utilization | 2-4 years | 2-3 years | 6-9 months |
| PUE ⁽¹⁾ | 1.8-2.5 | <1.7 | 1.51 |
| Customer Retention | | | |
| Scalability | | | |
| Customization Level | \bigcirc | | |
| Security Level | | | |





Leading Next-generation Hyperscale Data Center Solution Provider Focused on China and Other Emerging Markets in APAC 2

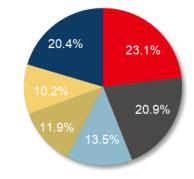




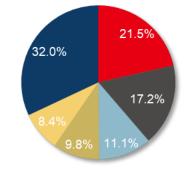
Largest Provider in China and Emerging Markets in APAC

Based on In-service Data Center Capacity (MW) as of Dec 31, 2019

Carrier-Neutral Hyperscale Data Center Market Share in China⁽⁴⁾



Carrier-Neutral Hyperscale Data Center Market Share in Emerging Markets within APAC⁽⁴⁾



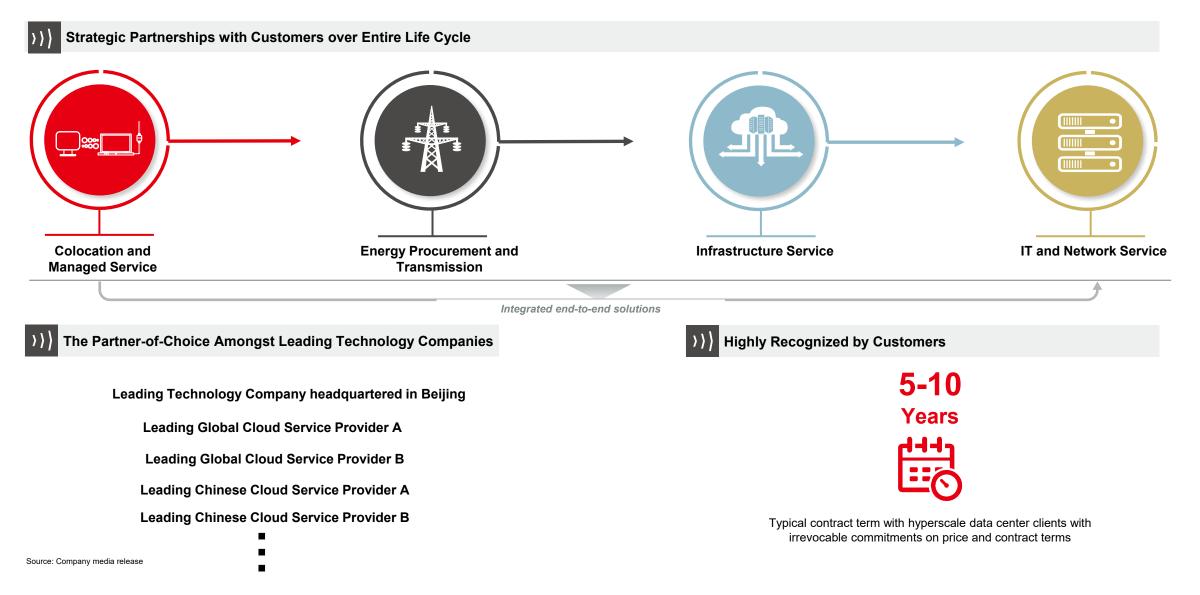
C ■ E ■ Others

Source: Frost & Sullivan, Uptime Institute

CHINDATA



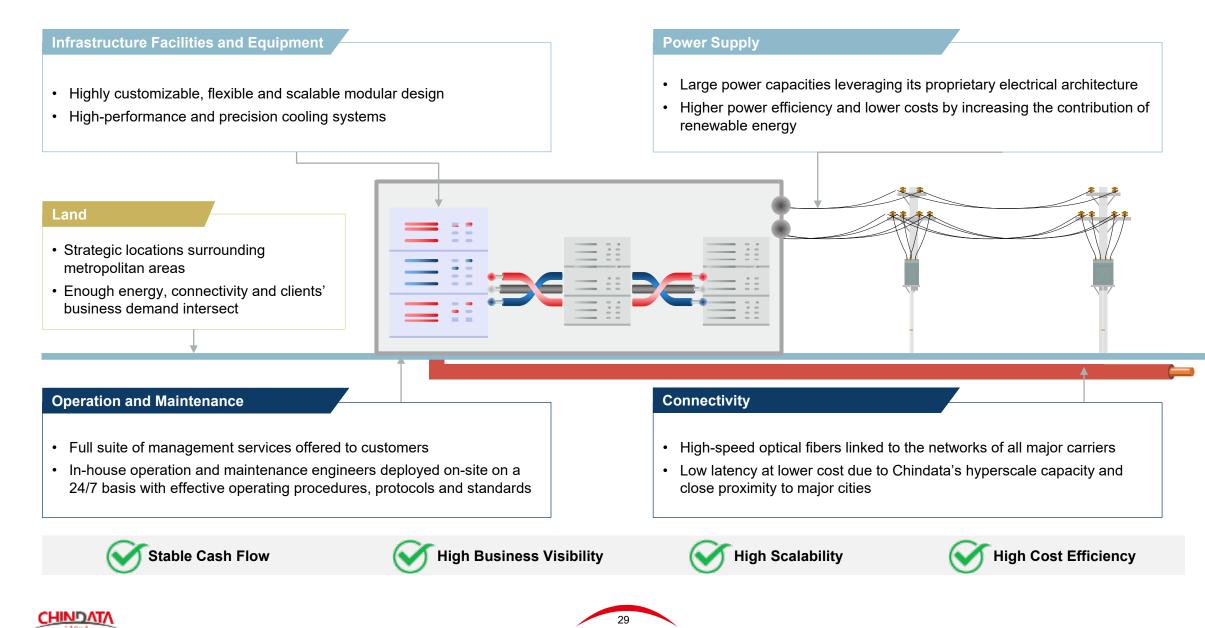
3 Long-term Strategic Partnerships with Global Industry Leaders Brings High Business Visibility and Certainty







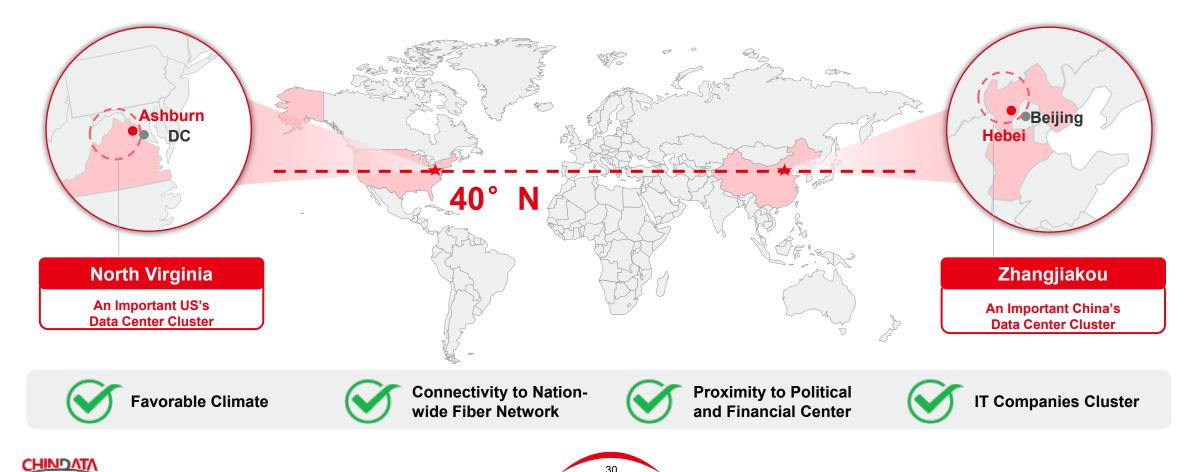
Integrated, Cost-efficient, Full-stack Hyperscale Data Center Solutions



Integrated, Cost-efficient, Full-stack Hyperscale Data Center Solutions (Cont'd)

Strategic Site Selection: Hyperscale Data Center Golden Latitude 40°N

- As an important data center market, North Virginia is located on the latitude of 40°N, and Pan-Beijing Area is the megalopolis around the same latitude in China
- Thanks to the prime geographical location, Zhangjiakou enjoys an annual average temperature of 6.2 °C and precipitation of 330-400mm, which are the ideal natural conditions for operating data centers
- Pan-Beijing area revolves around Beijing, China's political and financial center, thus benefitting from its abundant resources



Integrated, Cost-efficient, Full-stack Hyperscale Data Center Solutions (Cont'd)

Differentiated Design, Supply Chain Management and Technology Innovation Capabilities

>>> Design



- Conduct all design work flows in-house
- Achieve high scalability and cost efficiency through modularization and standardization
- Early involvement since the site selection and planning stage

Supply Chain Management



- Direct procurement from leading international vendors to ensure cost effectiveness and speed of delivery
- Work closely with equipment vendors to customize mission-critical modules and equipment
- Highly involved in each work flow to monitor quality, cost and speed

)) Technological Innovation



- 268 approved and pending patents⁽¹⁾
 relating to data center building designs and modules in China
- Provide designs based on our patents to ODM manufacturers to ensure supreme quality and cost effectiveness



2020 Global Carrier Award for Best Asian Project





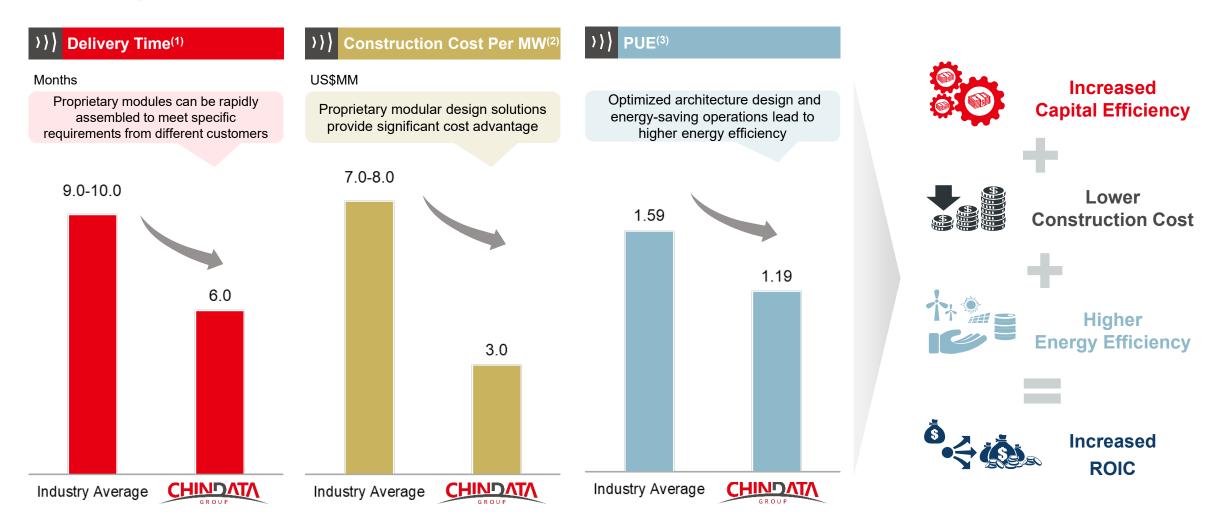
2019 TGGC 5A Certificate for Green Data Center

Notes: 1. As of September 30, 2021



Integrated, Cost-efficient, Full-stack Hyperscale Data Center Solutions (Cont'd)

Leading to Increased ROIC



32

Source: Company filings, Uptime Institute

Notes:

2. Optimal level achieved globally; Based on Uptime Institute report

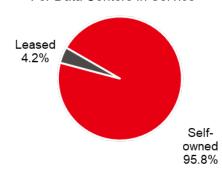
1. Global industry average delivery time using best practices for a data center with capacity of 20 MW or more; Based on Uptime Institute report 2019 data; Chindata's 3. Industry average PUE is Inclusive of all data centers; Based on Uptime Institute; Chindata data as of March 31, 2021 delivery time is based on a data center with 36MW of capacity in China





Capacity Breakdown by Ownership (1)

For Data Centers In Service



High Quality Self-owed Data Centers

Gallery of selected self-owned data centers



CN01 Location: Greater Beijing Area IT capacity in service: 36MW



CN03 Location: Greater Beijing Area IT capacity in service: 17MW

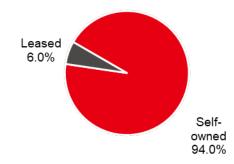


CN04 Location: Greater Beijing Area IT capacity in service: 28MW



CN05 Location: Greater Beijing Area IT capacity in service: 23MW

For Data Centers Under Construction





CN06 Location: Greater Beijing Area IT capacity in service: 30MW



CE01 Location: Yangtze River Delta Area IT capacity in service: 18MW



MY0102 Location: Cyberjaya IT capacity in service: 20MW



BBY01 Location: Mumbai IT capacity under construction: 20MW







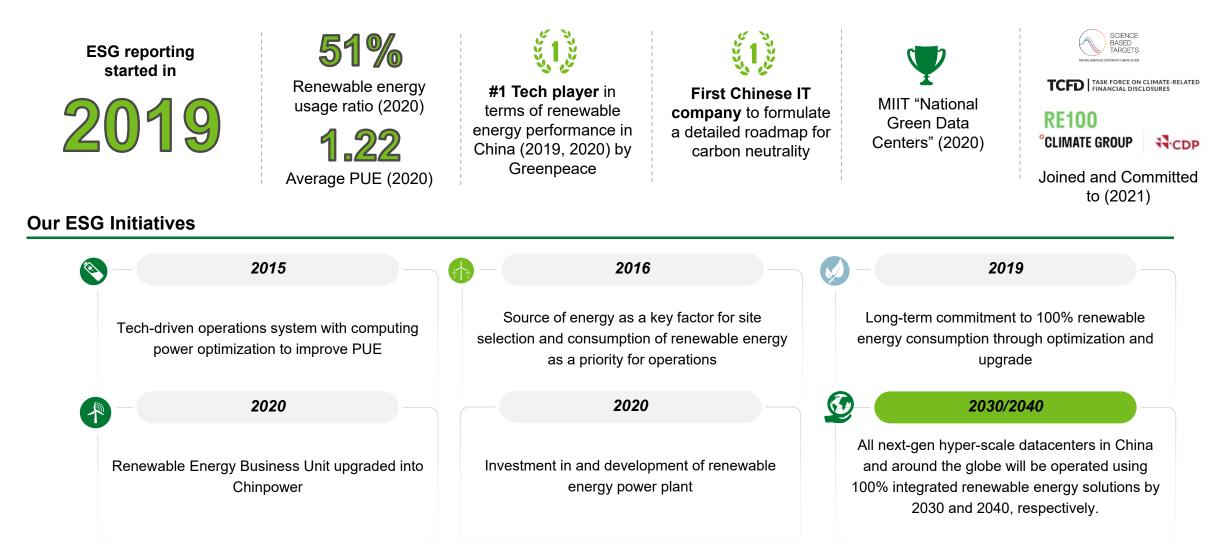
6 Visionary and Experienced Management Team







Outstanding ESG Achievements and Continued Efforts



Source: Ranking cited from Greenpeace, "Clean Cloud 2020: Tracking Renewable Energy Use in China's Tech Industry"







Appendix

Summary of Key Operating Data

Key Data on Capacity

| | 20Q3 | 20Q4 | 21Q1 | 21Q2 | 21Q3 |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Total Capacity | 474 | 489 | 491 | 578 | 588 |
| In Service | | | | | |
| Total Capacity | 248 | 291 | 337 | 361 | 370 |
| Contracted capacity | 218 | 253 | 304 | 329 | 327 |
| IOI IT capacity | 19 | 14 | 3 | - | - |
| Contracted ratio | 88% | 87% | 90% | 91% | 88% |
| Contracted + IOI ratio | 96% | 92% | 90% | 91% | 88% |
| Under Construction | | | | | |
| Total Capacity | 226 | 198 | 154 | 217 | 218 |
| Contracted Capacity | 155 | 146 | 108 | 85 | 103 |
| IOI Capacity | 8 | 16 | 16 | 81 | 63 |
| Contracted + IOI ratio | 72% | 82% | 81% | 77% | 76% |
| Utilization | | | | | |
| Utilized Capacity | 175 | 221 | 238 | 251 | 268 |
| Utilization Ratio | 71% | 76% | 71% | 70% | 72% |

1. Numbers are rounded to zero. Subtotals and Total are calculated with original numbers and rounded to zero.

37



Summary of Key P&L Items

Key P&L Items

| (RMBmn) | 20Q3 | 20Q4 | 21Q1 | 21Q2 | 21Q3 | Q/Q | Y/Y | 21 9ms | Y/Y |
|-------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--------|---------|--------|
| Total revenue | 467.5 | 553.0 | 643.4 | 686.4 | 740.8 | 7.9% | 58.5% | 2070.5 | 62.0% |
| Cost of revenue | -277.2 | -326.9 | -386.9 | -407.6 | -422.9 | 3.7% | 52.6% | -1217.4 | 57.8% |
| Gross profit | 190.3 | 226.1 | 256.5 | 278.8 | 317.9 | 14.0% | 67.0% | 853.1 | 68.4% |
| Selling and marketing expenses | -34.5 | -27.6 | -21.0 | -23.2 | -26.8 | 15.3% | -22.4% | -70.9 | -0.7% |
| General and administrative expenses | -259.7 | -121.0 | -96.2 | -86.5 | -85.2 | -1.4% | -67.2% | -268.0 | -39.6% |
| Research and development expenses | -12.5 | -12.9 | -18.2 | -20.8 | -21.5 | 3.0% | 71.5% | -60.5 | 113.7% |
| Total operating expenses | -306.7 | -161.5 | -135.4 | -130.5 | -133.5 | 2.2% | -56.6% | -399.4 | -26.5% |
| Operating income (loss) | -116.4 | 64.6 | 121.1 | 148.3 | 184.4 | 24.4% | - | 453.7 | - |
| Net Interest expenses | -54.6 | -42.5 | -57.8 | -55.0 | -66.7 | 21.3% | 22.1% | -179.5 | 6.7% |
| Others | -9.3 | -27.1 | 17.1 | 6.1 | 5.7 | -5.9% | - | 29.0 | - |
| Net income (loss) before taxes | -180.3 | -5.0 | 80.4 | 99.4 | 123.4 | 24.3% | - | 303.2 | - |
| Income tax expenses | -16.5 | -22.1 | -22.2 | -34.2 | -45.0 | 31.7% | 173.7% | -101.4 | 124.2% |
| Net income (loss) after taxes | -196.8 | -27.1 | 58.2 | 65.1 | 78.4 | 20.3% | - | 201.8 | - |





GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations

Reconciliation from Net Income (Loss) to Adjusted EBITDA

| (RMB mn) | 20Q3 | 20Q4 | 21Q1 | 21Q2 | 21Q3 | Q/Q | Y/Y | 21 9ms | Y/Y |
|---|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|---------|--------|---------|
| Net income (loss) | -196.8 | -27.1 | 58.2 | 65.2 | 78.4 | 20.3% | - | 201.8 | - |
| Add: Depreciation & amortization | 103.3 | 118.9 | 140.6 | 145.9 | 153.9 | 5.5% | 49.0% | 440.4 | 48.4% |
| Add: Interest income & expenses | 54.6 | 42.5 | 57.8 | 55.0 | 66.7 | 21.3% | 22.1% | 179.5 | 6.7% |
| Add: Income tax (benefit) expenses | 16.5 | 22.1 | 22.2 | 34.2 | 45.0 | 31.7% | 173.7% | 101.5 | 124.2% |
| EBITDA | -22.4 | 156.4 | 278.8 | 300.3 | 344.0 | 14.6% | - | 923.2 | 263.3% |
| Add: Share-based compensation | 173.5 | 75.0 | 41.0 | 37.8 | 23.6 | -37.6% | -86.4% | 102.4 | -62.7% |
| Add: Management consulting services fee | 64.9 | - | - | - | - | - | -100.0% | - | -100.0% |
| Add: Changes in fair value of financial instruments | 10.0 | 4.2 | -12.7 | - | - | - | -100.0% | -12.9 | -251.6% |
| Add: Foreign exchange (gain) loss | 1.3 | 3.0 | -0.1 | -0.5 | -0.2 | -59.9% | -116.1% | -0.8 | -254.3% |
| Add: Non-cash operating lease cost relating to prepaid land use rights | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 0.9% | 32.9% | 2.7 | 31.8% |
| Adjusted EBITDA | 228.0 | 239.4 | 307.8 | 338.5 | 368.4 | 8.8% | 61.6% | 1014.7 | 65.6% |
| Adjusted EBITDA Margin | 48.8% | 43.3% | 47.8% | 49.3% | 49.7% | | | 49.0% | |



GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations

Reconciliation from Net Income (Loss) to Adjusted Net Income

| (RMB mn) | 20Q3 | 20Q4 | 21Q1 | 21Q2 | 21Q3 | Q/Q | Y/Y | 21 9ms | Y/Y |
|--|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|---------|--------|---------|
| Net Income (loss) Add: Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment and intangible assets resulting from | -196.8 | -27.1 | 58.2 | 65.2 | 78.4 | 20.3% | - | 201.8 | - |
| business combination | 12.3 | 12.3 | 12.3 | 12.3 | 12.2 | -0.3% | -0.9% | 36.8 | -0.9% |
| Add: Share-based compensation Add: Management consulting | 173.5 | 75.0 | 41.0 | 37.8 | 23.6 | -37.6% | -86.4% | 102.4 | -62.7% |
| services fee Add: Tax effects on non-GAAP | 64.9 | - | - | - | - | - | -100.0% | - | -100.0% |
| adjustments | -5.7 | -2.2 | -2.2 | -2.3 | -2.2 | -0.4% | -61.2% | -6.6 | -42.8% |
| Adjusted Net Income | 48.2 | 58.0 | 109.3 | 113.0 | 112.0 | -0.9% | 132.2% | 334.3 | 186.0% |
| Adjusted Net Income margin | 10.3% | 10.5% | 17.0% | 16.5% | 15.1% | | | 16.1% | |



Summary of key balance sheet items

Key Balance Sheet Items

| 21Q3 | 21Q2 | 21Q1 | 20Q4 | 19Q4 | (RMBmn) |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|---------|--|
| Unaudited | Unaudited | Unaudited | Audited | Audited | |
| 6,069.1 | 7,024.7 | 6,916.7 | 6,911.5 | 1,119.8 | Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash |
| 622.8 | 514.3 | 469.3 | 422.2 | 304.7 | Accounts receivable |
| 8,096.6 | 7,104.9 | 6,640.2 | 6,423.8 | 4,404.6 | Property and equipment |
| 761.0 | 771.6 | 782.3 | 793.2 | 827.1 | Goodwill and intangible assets |
| 1,8084.5 | 17,428.5 | 16,704.0 | 16,259.6 | 7,771.2 | Total Asset |
| 1,284.2 | 1,125.0 | 1,010.4 | 1,186.0 | 959.4 | Accounts payable |
| 555.4 | 456.2 | 418.8 | 296.9 | 63.3 | Short-term bank loan & current portion of long-term bank loan |
| 4,924.2 | 4,698.2 | 4,238.7 | 3,892.1 | 2,692.2 | Long-term bank loan |
| 244.7 | 253.7 | 262.5 | 244.4 | 255.3 | Total operating leases |
| 62.0 | 62.5 | 63.3 | 64.9 | 66.6 | Total finance leases |
| 8,085.8 | 7,501.1 | 6,849.6 | 6,520.1 | 4,534.0 | Total liabilities |
| 9,998.7 | 9,927.4 | 9,854.4 | 9,739.5 | 3,237.2 | Total Equity |





Definitions

| Terms | Definitions | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| IT Capacity in service | The total capacity available for utilization; this capacity does not include capacity from our retail data centers | |
| IT Capacity under construction | The total capacity under construction and have not yet reached the stage of being ready for service | |
| Colocation services | Services to store and support IT equipment at data centers facilities for clients | |
| Contracted IT capacity | Capacity for which clients are required to pay us colocation service or rental fees or reservation fees | |
| Contracted ratio | The ratio of contractually committed capacity to capacity in service. | |
| lol IT capacity | Capacity with Indication of Interest", the capacity for which clients have indicated interest in and had substantial negotiation for binding service agreements with us | |
| lol ratio | The ratio of capacity with indication of interest from customers to capacity in service. | |
| (IT) MW | Megawatts | |
| PUE | Power Usage Effectiveness, a ratio of the total power usage of a data center to the power usage of the IT equipment inside such data center | |
| Utilization ratio | The ratio of utilized capacity to capacity in service | |
| Utilized IT capacity | Capacity in service that is committed to customers and revenue generating pursuant to the terms of customer agreements remaining in effect | |





Analysts Coverage

| Institution | Analysts | Contact |
|---------------------|------------------------------|--|
| CICC | Kai QIAN, Hongjie LI | kai.qian@cicc.com.cn / hongjie.li@cicc.com.cn |
| CITI | Arthur Lai, Marco Lin | arthur.y.lai@citi.com / marco.lin@citi.com |
| CITIC Securities | Junyun CHEN, Kaifang JIA | chenjunyun@citics.com / jiakaifang@citics.com |
| Credit Suisse | Kyna WONG, Clive Cheung | kyna.wong@credit-suisse.com / clive.cheung@credit-suisse.com |
| DBS | Tsz-Wang TAM | tszwangtam@dbs.com |
| Goldman Sachs | Tina HOU, Piyush Mubayi | Tina.Hou@gsgh.cn / piyush.mubayi@gs.com |
| Jefferies | Edison LEE | edison.lee@jefferies.com |
| J.P.Morgan | Albert HUNG, Gokul Hariharan | albert.hung@jpmchase.com / gokul.hariharan@jpmorgan.com |
| Morgan Stanley | Yang LIU | Yang.Liu@morganstanley.com / Camille.Xu@morganstanley.com |
| Sinolink Securities | Lu LUO, Yikai SHAO | luolu@gjzq.com.cn / shaoyikai@gjzq.com.cn |
| UBS | James WANG | james-zb.wang@ubs.com |





Thank You

